# Dynalene MV engineering guide





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### **Product Overview**

Dynalene MV is an environmentally acceptable low-temperature heat transfer fluid. It was developed to extend the low-end operating temperature range far below the boundaries of most competitive brands. Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid is completely biodegradable, CFC free, and is made mostly from biobased material. Dynalene MV has a recommended use temperature range of –170°F to 325°F. It is essential that all personnel handling this product review and understand this manual and the Dynalene MV Safety Data Sheet (SDS). Please contact Dynalene for more information.

### **Freezing & Melting Point**

Dynalene MV has a freezing and melting point below -129°C (-200°F), allowing broader application to systems using cryogenic liquids or ultra-low temperature mechanical refrigeration equipment. This results in greater tolerance when lowering the surface film temperature.

### **Flash Point**

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid has a closed cup flash point of 53°C (127°F), and an open cup flash point of >60°C (141°F). Like other hydrocarbon based heat transfer fluids, Dynalene MV and its vapors may ignite if released into the environment and exposed to hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, or any other source of ignition.

### Vapor Pressure

Vapor pressure is a critical property to be considered when calculating Net Positive Suction Head (NPSH), a major factor in the sizing of fluid handling equipment. Airtight containment is recommended to limit the escape of Dynalene MV vapors. See Table 1 below for vapor pressures of Dynalene MV at various temperatures.

Temperature, °F	Vapor Pressure, psi	Temperature, °C	Vapor Pressure, kPa
-20	0.00	-30	0.00
20	0.00	0	0.03
60	0.01	30	0.23
100	0.05	50	0.27
140	0.18	80	3.36
200	0.88	100	8.00
260	3.22	120	17.43
300	6.83	140	35.22
325	10.52	170	89.78

#### Table 1. Vapor pressure of Dynalene MV.

### **General Properties**

General properties of Dynalene MV can be found in Table 2.

Property		
Composition	Hydrocarbon blend	
Appearance	Translucent, light yellow	
Odor	Mild citrus odor	
Operating range	-112°C to 170°C (-163°F to 325°F)	
Freezing point	<-129°C (<-200°F)	
Boiling point	176°C (348°F)	
Flash point (closed)	53°C (127°F)	
Flash point (open)	61°C (142°F)	
Fire point	64°C (147°F)	
Autoignition temp.	388°C (730°F)	
Critical temp.	387°C (729°F)	
Critical pressure	34 bar (33.6 atm)	
Molecular weight	135 g/mol	
Dielectric constant	2.3	

#### Table 2. General properties of Dynalene MV.

### **Odor Evaluation**

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid is produced using hydrocarbon liquid blends. Proper safety procedures must be practiced at all times. Dynalene MV odor is a mix of citrus and hydrocarbon odors that will become evident in the surrounding area if the fluid or its vapors are released into the environment.

Do not handle or expose personnel to Dynalene MV liquid without reviewing and understanding the Safety Data Sheet (SDS). Always handle the fluid in well-ventilated areas; the area should be free from sparks, open flames, or smoking. Use respiratory protection consistent with the recommendations in the SDS.

### Packaging & Shipping

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid is available in 5 gallon pails, 55 gallon drums, and bulk quantities. Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid ships under US hazard classification 3 and UN Number 3295. Dynalene MV is listed as a Combustible or Flammable Liquid when transported by highway or rail, but must be listed as a Flammable Liquid when shipped by air or waterway. See the SDS for additional shipping information.

### Shelf Life

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid will remain stable for a period of at least five years if:

- (1) It is stored in the original unopened pail or drum
- (2) The storage area is a dry environment below 100°F.

Partially full pails and drums should be blanketed with an inert gas such as nitrogen to eliminate oxygen from the container head space. Contact Dynalene for information on testing older material for continued suitability.

### **Metals Compatibility**

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid has an acceptable compatibility when installed in vapor-tight systems constructed within the temperature, pressure, and structural limitations of the following metals:

- Aluminum
- Brass
- Bronze (All)
- Carbon Steel
- Cast Steel

- Copper
- Copper Nickel (All)
- Hastelloy (All)
- Inconel
- Incoloy 825

- Monel
- Nickel
- Stainless Steel (All)
- Stainless Steel Clad
- Tantalum

### **Gasket & Polymer Compatibility**

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid has an acceptable compatibility when used within the temperature and pressure limitation of the following polymers or gasketing materials:

- Acetal
- Aramid Fiber
- Chemraz (FFKM)
- Epoxy
- Fluorocarbon (FILM)
- Fluoroelastomer
- Glass Fiber
- Gylon Style 3500, 3504, & 3510
- Kalrez

- PEEK
- Polytetrafluoro-ethylene (PTFE)
- Teflon (All)
- Teflon Encapsulated Silicone
- Teflon Encapsulated Viton
- Telfon Impregnated Fiberglass
- Kel-F (CTE)
- Viton
- Resin Impregnated Carbon Graphite

### **General Installation Guidelines**

The following recommendations are provided to assist the designer/user in proper installation of Dynalene MV.

#### 1 Understanding the engineering guide

Prior to purchasing any Dynalene MV, review and understand all of the information contained in this manual—especially the sections titled 'Retrofitting for Dynalene MV' and 'Preparing New Systems Using Dynalene MV'. Only qualified personnel with expertise in safe handling of potentially hazardous liquids (in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations) should be involved with work processes of this nature.

#### 2 Moisture content

Moisture content within Dynalene MV in system operation is recommended to be less than 100 parts per million (ppm) or 0.01% H<sub>2</sub>O in Dynalene MV. The freezing point, viscosity, and heat transfer coefficient of Dynalene MV may be adversely affected if moisture content is above recommended levels. Moisture is heavier than Dynalene MV and will drop out of the solution at approximately 350 ppm (room temperature) or less, depending on the fluid temperature.

In low temperature applications, excessive moisture in Dynalene MV will impair heat transfer by freezing onto system surfaces; this may result in frozen heat exchangers, seized regulators, etc. Desiccating Dynalene MV as shown in Figure 1 (page 9) is one recommended method of removing moisture from a system. Contact Dynalene at 1-877-244-5525 or email info@dynalene.com to request moisture analysis as needed.

#### 3 Presence of oxygen

Limit the presence of oxygen within the wetted areas of a piped system. An inert gas, such as nitrogen, is the preferred substitute to fill the vapor space. A replenishable supply of air or oxygen in contact with Dynalene MV will promote premature fluid degradation. The basic fluid system sketch illustrated in Figure 1 (page 9), is an example of a typical Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid system using an inert gas purge as a method of excluding oxygen. The inert gas pressure regulator BPV set point should be approximately 50% higher than the maximum Dynalene MV vapor pressure value anticipated with the system.

#### 4 Maximum surface temperature

Surface temperature of heat source components should not exceed 400°F (204°C). Fluid velocity should maintain a minimum of 8 feet per second (2.44 meters per second) over heated surfaces to avoid fluid breakdown.

#### 5 Using electric resistance heaters

Electric resistance heaters used in Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid applications are recommended not to exceed a maximum watt density of 28 watts per square inch. If you require a review on the heating equipment you have considered, consult Dynalene.

#### 6 Using cryogenic fluid

Cooling MV with a cryogenic fluid such as liquid nitrogen or LNG may cause MV to freeze on the cold surfaces of the heat exchanger. These fluids operate at a temperature significantly lower than the freezing point of MV, so system parameters such as flow rate and heat transfer surface area should be planned accordingly.

#### 7 Pump equipment

To eliminate cavitation when using Dynalene MV near its boiling point, apply sufficient inert gas (nitrogen, argon) pressure in the head space.

#### 8 Available ancillary equipment

Dynalene offers filtration and desiccation equipment to help maintain MV fluid in good condition. Please contact <u>equipment@dynalene.com</u> for further information.

#### 9 Safety dos and don'ts

- *Handling Dynalene MV in the drum*: ensure drums containing Dynalene MV are properly grounded and keep all drums away from sources of ignition, power tools, heat, smoking, and sparks.
- *Pumping Dynalene MV into the system*: only pump Dynalene MV in well-ventilated areas and wear the required personnel protective equipment as recommended in the Dynalene MV SDS.
- *System maintenance*: prior to cutting or welding systems that use Dynalene MV, ensure all residual Dynalene MV and its vapor are removed from the system. This can be accomplished by fully purging and evacuating all fluid and vapors using the methods described below in 'Retrofitting for Dynalene MV.'
- *Draining Dynalene MV from a system:* when draining Dynalene MV from a system, be sure to use sealed connections on all pipes, tubes, and containment to minimize leakage of vapor and mists.

As a precautionary measure, all systems using Dynalene MV should be properly grounded.

### Retrofitting for Dynalene MV

Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid is an excellent replacement for the fluid chemistries listed below:

- CFC Refrigerant
- Chlorinated Solvent
- HFC Refrigerant
- Hydrocarbon Based

- Alcohols (methanol, ethanol, isopropanol)
- Perfluorocarbon (PFAS)
- Silicone
- d-Limonene

Once the original liquid is removed, systems may retain small amounts of residual liquid in low lying areas such as piping traps, inverted coils, pump housings, valve housings, drain pipes, etc. The residual liquids must be removed for Dynalene MV to function as specified.

The following recommendations are provided by Dynalene to assist the installer or end user in achieving a successful retrofit:

1: Determine the actual volume of the heat transfer fluid needed in the retrofit, use one of the following methods:

- If the system drawing is available, perform a volume calculation based on size and length of piping, reservoirs, heat exchangers, pumps, and all other wetted components.
- Drain the existing heat transfer fluid from the system and measure the volume removed. To account for the residual fluid left after draining, follow the steps in the next section.
  - To remove residual fluids, purge the existing system with compressed air or an inert gas such as nitrogen (for combustible liquids). For best results, purge intermittently to zero pressure once every two minutes: purge with pressure for one minute, and then release

pressure in system for the next minute, collecting the fluid that comes out of the system. Continue this process for several minutes until there is no more fluid leaving the system.

• Measure the volume of the residual fluid and add to the volume of the drained fluid to determine the total heat transfer fluid volume. If the fluid will not be re-used, combine all drained fluid into a vented container and dispose accordingly.

2: Final cleanout of any residual fluid or vapor using one of the methods below:

#### • System evacuation

System evacuation is performed by creating a vacuum (usually more than 20 inches Hg / 508 torr) at room temperature within the existing system containing the residual liquid. As the vacuum within the system increases, the boiling point of the residual liquid will decrease to below the internal temperature of the system and the liquid will evaporate.

#### Air and inert gas evaporation

Liquid evaporation using air or an inert gas, such as nitrogen, may be another feasible method of removing residual liquid from an existing piped system. This is performed by allowing an adequate volume of dry compressed air or inert gas to enter the existing system and flow through the wetted areas, including low points, evaporating the residual liquid. The effluent should exit the piped system at a point that is opposite the inlet air or inert gas connection, and should be collected via cold trap, adsorbent, or other gas collection method. It is recommended to use compressed air or inert gas with a dew point lower than –95°F (-70°C), and sufficiently below the evaporation point of liquid being removed.

#### • Dilution

Dilution of residual fluid can be performed in conjunction with the system evacuation or evaporation methods. Selecting a dilution solvent that is miscible with the residual fluid and has a high vapor pressure. After diluting the residual fluid with the solvent, drain and follow system evacuation or evaporation methods above. Example solvents include alcohols, acetone and hydrocarbons with low boiling points. Contact Dynalene at 1-877-244-5525 or email info@dynalene with any additional questions about appropriate solvents.

### Preparing New Systems Using Dynalene MV

The following recommendations are provided to assist the installer or end user in achieving a proper installation:

#### 1 Flush the system

Systems intending to use Dynalene MV heat transfer fluid should be properly flushed clean after installing components such as pipes, valves, pumps, etc. Materials from welding operations, excess pipe joint compound, oils, and other unwanted contaminants must be removed completely prior to installing Dynalene MV.

One recommended method of flushing a system clean is to use a dilution solvent that is completely miscible with the contaminants generated during an installation.

#### 2 Perform a moisture analysis

After installing Dynalene MV and circulating for at least one hour, it is recommended to remove a fluid sample to send to Dynalene for moisture analysis (see section Ongoing Fluid Maintenance below for proper sampling procedure). A pre-labeled sample kit will be provided upon request. Dynalene will perform a moisture analysis and report the necessary actions or corrections that need to be taken. This is to ensure the moisture content is within the recommended level, especially when operating Dynalene MV below 35°F (2°C).

#### 3 Install line filtration

Dynalene MV should remain free of debris throughout the operational life of the liquid. An appropriately sized in-line strainer using a perforation size 1/32" (0.79 mm) or less, is recommended to be installed directly in the flow of fluid to allow the most effective particulate removal from the fluid. Providing filtration down to approximately 5 microns, combined with an in-line strainer as a prefilter, is the best method of keeping Dynalene MV particulate free. Use of bypass and slip-stream filtration is also acceptable.

#### 4 Install Desiccation Unit

Dynalene MV will operate best if the moisture level is kept below 100 ppm. Too much moisture may cause water droplets to form in the system, and may freeze valves, impede heat transfer, alter fluid properties, etc. A desiccation system may be required to keep fluid moisture levels low. Dynalene offers desiccation equipment and can assist with determining the specifications required for the system. Dynalene SX and TX units provide both desiccation and particle filtration. Contact Dynalene at 1-877-244-5525 or email info@dynalene for further information.

### **Ongoing Fluid Maintenance**

Dynalene will provide a pre-labeled sample kit upon request, which includes the sample bottle and a sampling instruction sheet. Dynalene offers the first sample analysis free of charge.

For best results:

- 1. Take a fluid sample when the system is at room temperature to prevent moisture from contaminating the Dynalene MV. A minimum of 35 to 40 mL of fluid is required for complete testing.
- Before filling up the sample container, allow the fluid to flow out for a few seconds into another container to clear any debris. Leave about ½ inch (1 cm) of airspace from the top of the sample bottle to minimize leakage. After closing the cap, secure by wrapping electrical tape around it several times.
- 3. It is best to take a fluid sample while the fluid is circulating to be sure it is representative of the entire system.

Basic heat transfer fluid system design



Figure 1. Basic Dynalene MV heat transfer system.

### **Dynalene MV Properties: SI Units**

Properties of Dynalene MV vs. temperature in SI units are given in Table 3.

Temp	Viscosity	Thermal Cond.	Specific Heat	Density
°C	mPa∙s	W/m·K	kJ/kg∙K	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
-112	215.3	0.165	1.330	948
-100	46.4	0.162	1.373	938
-90	19.9	0.159	1.408	931
-80	10.7	0.157	1.443	923
-70	6.66	0.155	1.479	915
-60	4.58	0.152	1.514	907
-50	3.38	0.150	1.549	900
-40	2.63	0.148	1.584	892
-30	2.13	0.145	1.620	884
-20	1.78	0.143	1.655	876
-10	1.53	0.140	1.690	869
0	1.34	0.138	1.726	861
10	1.19	0.136	1.761	853
20	1.07	0.133	1.796	845
30	0.97	0.131	1.831	838
40	0.90	0.128	1.867	830
50	0.83	0.126	1.902	822
60	0.78	0.124	1.937	815
70	0.73	0.121	1.973	807
80	0.69	0.119	2.008	799
90	0.65	0.117	2.043	791
100	0.62	0.114	2.078	784
110	0.59	0.112	2.114	776
120	0.57	0.109	2.149	768
130	0.55	0.107	2.184	760
140	0.53	0.105	2.219	753
150	0.51	0.102	2.255	745
163	0.49	0.099	2.301	735

#### Table 3. Properties of Dynalene MV.

### Dynalene MV Properties: English Units

Properties of Dynalene MV vs. temperature in English units are given in Table 4.

Temp	Viscosity	Thermal Cond.	Specific Heat	Density
۴F	сP	BTU/hr·ft·°F	BTU/lb∙°F	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
-170	218.0	0.095	0.318	59.2
-160	97.1	0.094	0.322	58.9
-140	30.3	0.093	0.332	58.4
-120	13.7	0.091	0.341	57.8
-100	7.64	0.090	0.350	57.3
-80	4.92	0.088	0.360	56.8
-60	3.47	0.087	0.369	56.2
-40	2.62	0.085	0.379	55.7
-20	2.08	0.084	0.388	55.2
0	1.72	0.082	0.397	54.6
20	1.46	0.081	0.407	54.1
40	1.26	0.079	0.416	53.5
60	1.12	0.078	0.425	53.0
80	1.00	0.076	0.435	52.5
100	0.91	0.074	0.444	51.9
120	0.84	0.073	0.453	51.4
140	0.77	0.071	0.463	50.9
160	0.72	0.070	0.472	50.3
180	0.68	0.068	0.482	49.8
200	0.64	0.067	0.491	49.3
220	0.61	0.065	0.500	48.7
240	0.58	0.064	0.510	48.2
260	0.56	0.062	0.519	47.6
280	0.53	0.061	0.528	47.1
300	0.51	0.059	0.538	46.6
320	0.50	0.058	0.547	46.0
325	0.49	0.057	0.549	45.9

#### Table 4. Properties of Dynalene MV.

### **Product Disclaimer**

The information contained in this entire publication is presented in good faith at "no charge" and is believed to be correct as of the date indicated no representations or warranties are made as to its completeness or accuracy. The information listed is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving it will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will the seller be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of, or reliance upon, this information or the product to which this information refers. Nothing contained on this page is to be construed as a recommendation to use the product, process, equipment or formulation in conflict with any patent. No representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is made that the use of this product will not infringe any patent.

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