Dynalene EG-V1

1. Product and Company Identification

1.1 Product identifiers

Product Name:Dynalene EG-V1 (includes all concentrations/dyes)Producer:Dynalene, Inc.Product Number:Not available.CAS-No.:Not available.

1.2 Identified uses of the product and uses advised against Identified Uses: Heat transfer fluid.

1.3 Details of the chemical supplier

Company: Dynalene, Inc. 5250 West Coplay Road Whitehall, PA 18052 USA Telephone: +1 610-262-9686 Email: info@dynalene.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Within the U.S.: +1 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) Outside the U.S.: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Specific target organ systemic toxicity – repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H373 May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)

Precautionary statement(s)

P260, P264, P270, P319: Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P301+P317, P330: IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. Rinse mouth.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

According to regulation (EU) 1907/2006, no substance is assessed as PBT or vPvB. No substances are known to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulations (EU) 1907/2006, (EU) 2017/2100, (EU) 2018/605.

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3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Product mixture

Mixture.
Not available.
Not available.

Ingredients	Classification	CAS No.	Concentration
Ethylene glycol	Acute Tx. 4, H302; STOT RE 2, H373	107-21-1	15 – 100%
Inhibitor solution (trade secret)	Not hazardous	N/A	<12%

4. First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin exposure

Wash off with soap and water. Consult a physician.

Eye exposure

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

Inhalation

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Ingestion

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water and consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Fatigue, vertigo, agitation, diarrhea, vomiting, nausea, unconsciousness.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed None.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media Suitable: Water spray, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, any ABC class.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating vapors and toxic gases (e.g., carbon oxides).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural fire fighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Move fire-exposed containers if it can be done without risk to firefighters. If possible, prevent run-off water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmental areas.

6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Proper protective equipment should be used. In case of an uncontrolled release, clear the affected area, protect people, and respond with trained personnel. Avoid breathing vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains or surface and ground water sources.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill:Cover with absorbent material (floor absorbent, vermiculite, etc.). Soak up spill and
place material into a drum.Large spill:Wear protective equipment. Stop spill at source, dike the area surrounding the spill to
prevent further exposure. Prevent material from entering sewer system. If necessary,
 - absorbents such as vermiculite, clay floor absorbent may be used on spill and shoveled into drums.

6.4 References to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the day.

7.2 Precautions for safe handling

Use in a well-ventilated location. Open drums and other containers of this product slowly, on a stable surface. Drums and other containers of this product should be properly labeled. Keep containers tightly closed.

7.3 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Move drums of this product carefully, with the appropriate drum-handling equipment. Store drums and other containers in cool, dry locations, away from direct sunlight, or sources of intense heat. Storage areas should be made of fire-resistant materials. Keep containers away from incompatible chemicals.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control and exposure limits recommended by the chemical manufacturer

Cal/OSHA, Table AC-1, Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants: 40 ppm, 100 mg/m³ (pure ethylene glycol vapor, Ceiling value)

Eye and upper respiratory tract irritation possible. Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use with adequate ventilation to minimize exposure to mists or sprays of this product. Prudent practice is to ensure eyewash/safety shower stations are available near areas where this product is used. Monitoring of oxygen level is recommended.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

All personnel handling the product should use personal protective equipment level D.

Respiratory protection

None needed for normal circumstances of use. If respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized in 29 CFR 1910.134, or applicable State regulations, and follow a respiratory protection program to ensure proper respirator fitting and use. Use supplied air respiration protection if oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown.

Eye protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Hand protection

Wear butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene, Nitrile rubber, or other suitable gloves for routine industrial use.

Body protection

Wear impervious clothing.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Physical state	Liquid.
b)	Color	Clear, colorless.
c)	Odor	Slight, sweet. Odor threshold: Not applicable.
d)	Melting/freezing point	-16.7°C (2°F), for >99% concentration.
e)	Boiling point	>100°C (>212°F)
f)	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
g)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper (UEL): 15.3% (V) (values for pure ethylene glycol) Lower (LEL): 3.2% (V)
h)	Flash point	120.5°C, for 100% None for concentrations <80%
i)	Auto-ignition temp	412°C (774°F) at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
j)	Decomposition temp	Not determined.
k)	рН	7.0 - 11.0
I)	Kinematic viscosity	>1.0 cP at 25°C (77°F)
m)	Water solubility	Soluble.
n)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	log Pow = -1.36
o)	Vapor pressure	12.3 Pa at 25°C (77°F)
p)	Density	1.0 – 1.2 g/cm³ at 25°C (77°F)
q)	Vapor density	2.14 (Air = 1.0)
r)	Particle characteristics	Not applicable

10. Stability and Reactivity

- **10.1 Reactivity** No data available.
- **10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible chemicals and exposure to extremely high temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers, strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, chloroformates, or strong reducing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Mainly carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

For ethylene glycol LD50 Oral – rat: 7 712 mg/kg LD50 Dermal – rabbit: 3 500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

This product may cause irritation to contaminated tissues.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - rabbit. Result: mild eye irritation, 24h.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

This product is not reported to produce sensitization effects.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not reported to produce mutagenic, embryotoxic, teratogenic, or reproductive effects in humans.

Suspected cancer agent

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Specific target organ toxicity

This product has been shown to have sub-chronic toxic effects on the kidneys in laboratory animals.

NOEL Oral – rat:200 mg/kg bw/dayNOAEL Dermal – dog:2200 - 4400 mg/kg bw/day

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure

It is anticipated that mainly skin, eye, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated after over-exposure.

Additional information

RTECS: KW2975000

When ingested early symptoms mimic alcohol inebriation and are followed by nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, weakness, muscle tenderness, respiratory failure, convulsions, cardiovascular collapse, pulmonary edema, hypocalcemic tetany, and severe metabolic acidosis. Without treatment, death may occur in 8 to 24 hours. Victims who survive the initial toxicity period usually develop renal failure along with brain and liver damage. Exposure to and/or consumption of alcohol may increase toxic effects. Central nervous system - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

12. Ecological Information

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial)

This product may be harmful to aquatic life if large quantities are released into bodies of water.

Ethylene glycol	LC50 – Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 53 000 mg/L, 96h.
Toxicity to fish:	NOEC – Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside): > 40 mg/L, 28d.
Toxicity to invertebrates:	OECD – Daphnia magna: > 100 mg/L, 48h. NOEC – Ceriodaphnia dubia: 8 590 mg/L, 48h.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Ethylene glycol is readily biodegradable according to OECD criteria

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

Bioaccumulation of ethylene glycol in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Ethylene glycol is not expected to adsorb to solid soil phase.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to regulation (EU) 1907/2006, no substance is assessed as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No substances are known to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulations (EU) 1907/2006, (EU) 2017/2100, (EU) 2018/605

12.7 Other adverse effects

None.

Information source: ECHA

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local hazardous waste regulatory authority.

14. Transport Information

DOT / IMDG / IATA

Not considered hazardous material for transport in container sizes less than 5000 lbs.

Bulk Shipment Classification

UN number: 3082 Class: 9 Packing group: III Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene glycol) Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

15. Regulatory Information

SARA 302	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302 (Extremely Hazardous Substances).		
SARA 313	The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Sections 313 (Toxics Release Inventory Chemicals). Ethylene Glycol CAS-No. 107-21-1		
SARA 311/312	(Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act) Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard		
Massachusetts RTK	No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.		
Pennsylvania RTK	Ethylene Glycol	CAS-No. 107-2	1-1
New Jersey RTK	Ethylene Glycol	CAS-No. 107-2	1-1
TSCA	All components are on the Toxic Substance Control Act Inventory.		
EINECS	All components are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.		
California Prop 65	This product contains ingredients that cause cancer or reproductive harm known to the state of California. Ethylene Glycol, CAS-No. 107-21-1.		
Canada DSL	All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substance List.		

16. Other Information

Revision Date

22 October 2024

This SDS was prepared by Dynalene, Inc.

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Dynalene Heat Transfer Fluids assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Dynalene Heat Transfer Fluids assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in their use of the material.